Listing of Claims:

(Currently Amended) Method-A method for manufacturing a diamond film using a pulsed 1.

microwave plasma, in which, in a vacuum chamber, a plasma of finite volume is formed near a

substrate by subjecting a gas containing at least hydrogen and carbon to a-periodic pulsed

discharges, which has a forming a repeated succession of a low-power states and a high-power

states, and having a peak absorbed power Pc, so as to obtain at least carbon-containing radicals

in the plasma and to deposit the said carbon-containing radicals on the substrate in order to form

a diamond film thereon; and

characterized in that the power is being injected into the volume of the plasma with a

peak power density of at least 100 W/cm³ while maintaining the substrate to a substrate

temperature of between 700 °C and 1000 °C.

(Currently Amended) Method-The method according to Claim 1, in which a plasma having 2.

at least one of the following features is generated near the substrate:

- the pulsed discharge has a certain peak absorbed power P_c and the ratio of the peak

power to the volume of the plasma is between 100 W/cm³ and 250 W/cm³,

the maximum temperature of the plasma is between 3500 K and 5000 K,

- the temperature of the plasma in a boundary region of the plasma located less than 1

cm from the surface of the substrate is between 1500 K and 3000 K and

- the plasma contains hydrogen atoms having a maximum concentration in the plasma of

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between 1.7×10^{16} and 5×10^{17} cm⁻³.

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Response to Final Office Action Mailed January 3, 2007 Application No. 10/541,970 Attorney Docket No. 05-583

April 3, 2007

(Currently Amended) Method-The method according to Claim 1 or Claim 2, in which said 3.

gas contains carbon and hydrogen in a carbon/hydrogen molar ratio of between 1% and 12%.

(Currently Amended) Method-The method according to Claim 1, in which said gas 4.

contains at least one hydro-carbon, and a plasma having a concentration of the carbon-containing

radicals of between 2×10^{14} cm⁻³ and 1×10^{15} cm⁻³ is generated.

(Currently Amended) Method The method according to Claim 1, in which a pulsed 5.

discharge is produced, in which the ratio of the duration of the high-power state to the duration of

the low-power state is between 1/9 and 1.

(Currently Amended) Method-The method according to Claim 1, in which at least one of 6,

the following parameters is estimated:

a substrate temperature,

- a temperature of the plasma,

- a temperature of the plasma in said boundary region, located less than 1 cm from the

surface of the substrate,

a concentration of atomic hydrogen in the plasma,

- a concentration of carbon-containing radicals in the plasma,

- a concentration of carbon-containing radicals in said boundary region close to the

plasma,

a pressure of the plasma and

- a power density of the plasma,

and the power emitted as a function of time is adapted according to at least one of these

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parameters.

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- 7. (Currently Amended) Method The method according to Claim 1, in which the plasma is contained in a cavity with at least one of the following properties:
 - the pulsed discharge has a peak power of at least 5 kW at 2.45 GHz,
 - the pressure of the plasma is between 100 mbar and 350 mbar and
- the gas containing hydrogen and carbon is emitted with a ration of the flow rate to the volume of plasma of between 0.75 and 7.5 sccm/cm³.
- 8. (Currently Amended) Method-The method according to Claim 1, in which the plasma is contained in a cavity with at least one of the following properties:
 - the pulsed discharge has a peak power of at least 10 kW at 915 MHz,
 - the pressure of the plasma is between 100 mbar and 350 mbar and
 - the gas containing hydrogen and carbon is emitted with a ratio of the flow rate to the volume of the plasma of between 0.75 and 7.5 sccm/cm³.